

UKNEQAS - Molecular Diagnosis of Haematological Malignancies

BCR-ABL Quantitation Programme

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MDHM Programme

- ◆ 110 participants registered
- ◆ Organised into 5 sub-programmes:
 - ◆ IgH/TCR clonality testing
 - ◆ JAK2 V617F status
 - ◆ BCR-ABL and AML translocation identification
(including t(8;21), t(15;17) and inv(16))
 - ◆ BCR-ABL quantitation
 - ◆ Post SCT chimerism monitoring
- ◆ 2 trials issued per year per sub-programme



BCR-ABL Quantitation Programme

- ◆ 63 participants
- ◆ K562 (M-BCR) cell-line distributed for BCR-ABL quantitative analysis – lyophilised to ensure RNA stability
- ◆ 2 trials issued

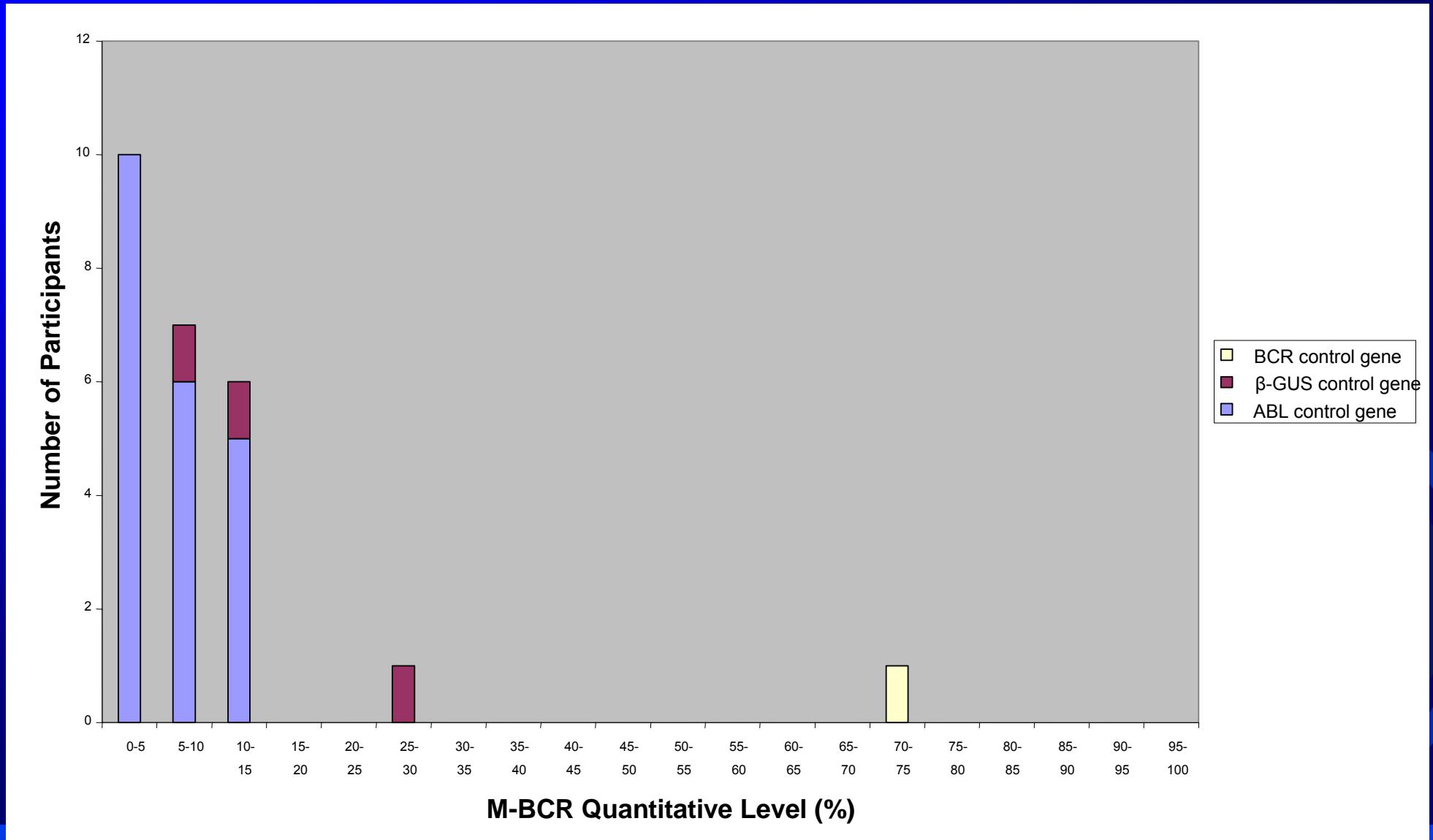


BCR-ABLQ Trial 1

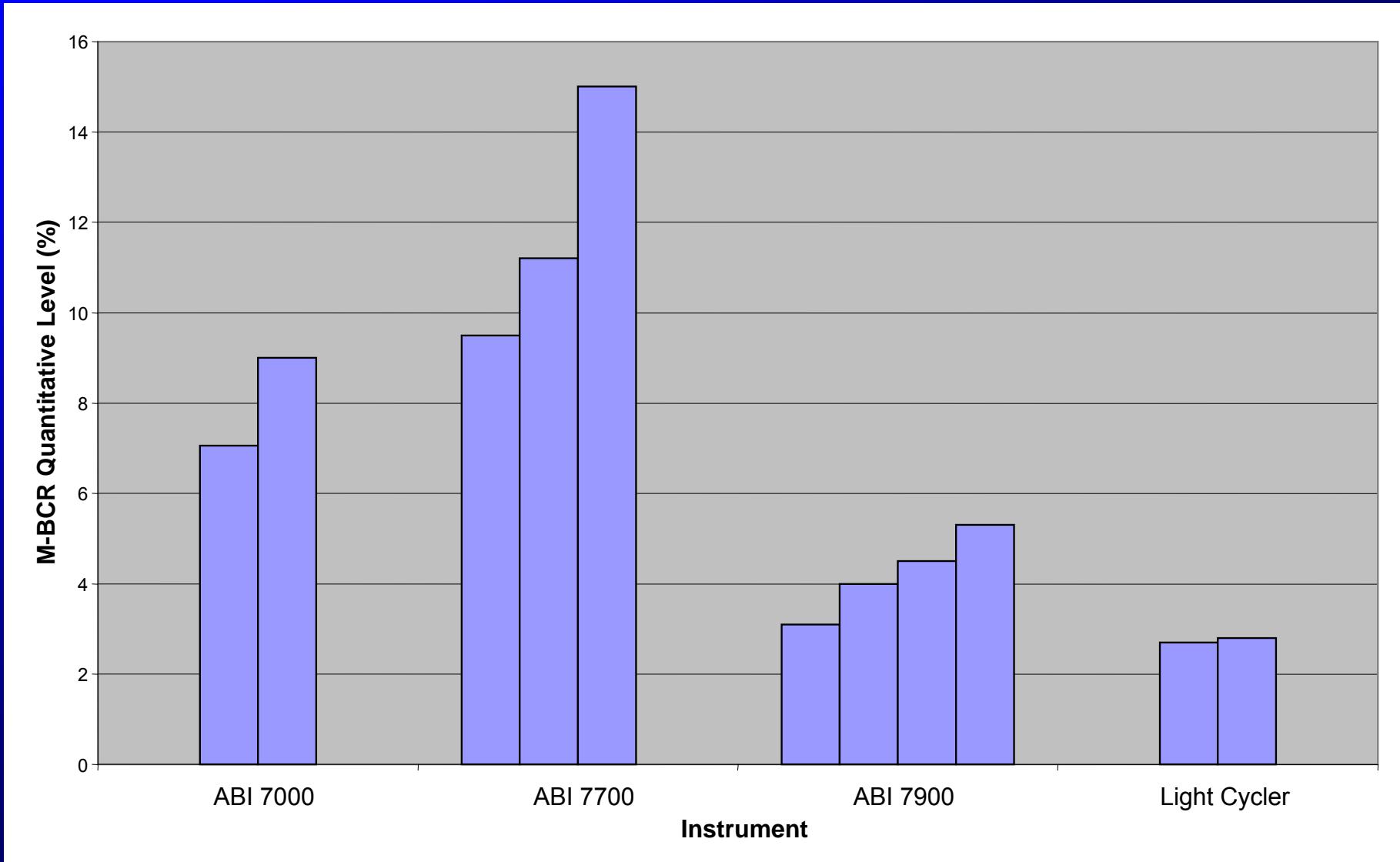
- ◆ Issued to 39 participants; only 24 returned results
- ◆ 1 sample issued – 1% dilution of K562 cells in HEL cells (lyophilised)
- ◆ Participants asked to perform quantitative analysis and report M-BCR level



BCR-ABLQ Trial 1



BCR-ABLQ Trial 1

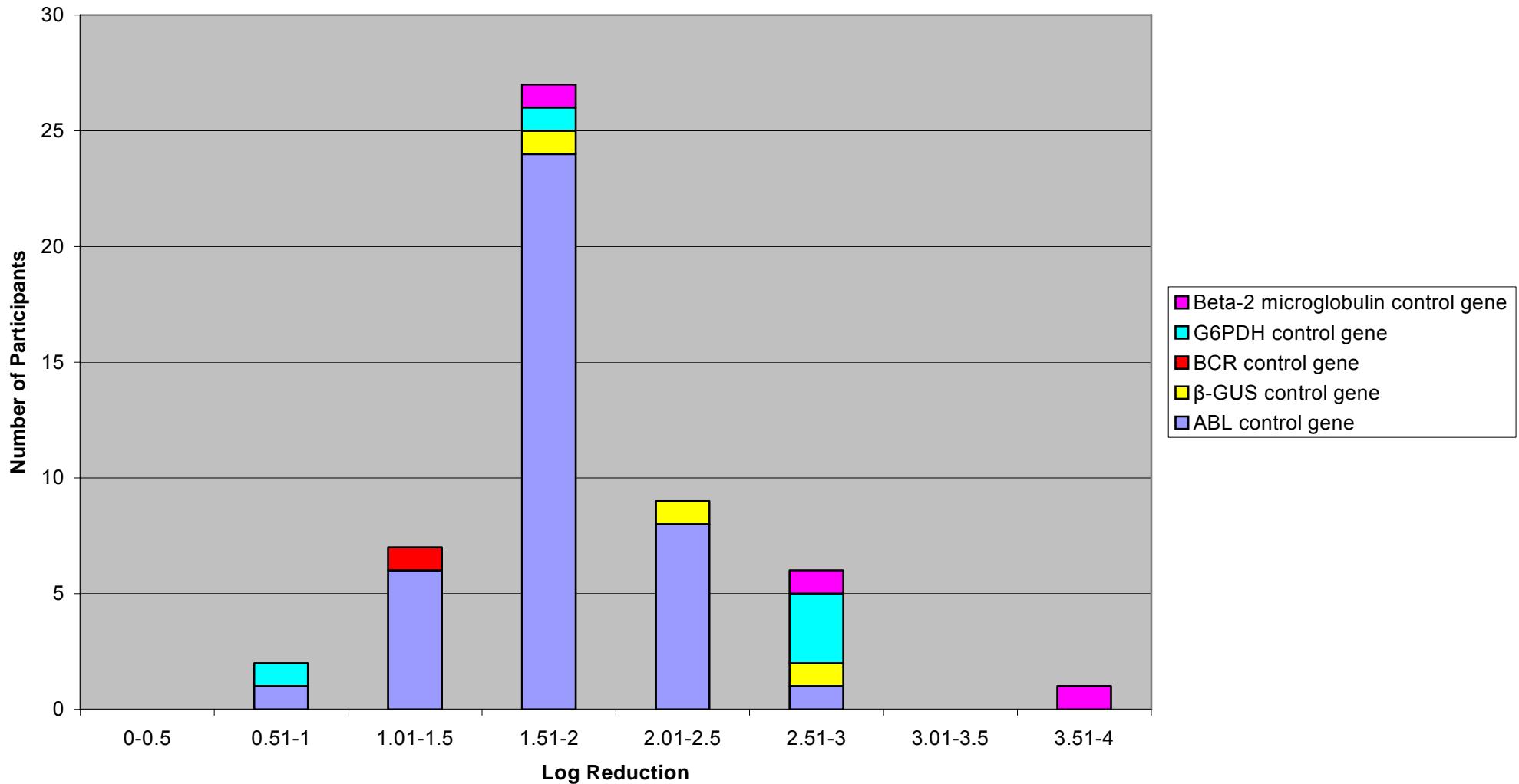


BCR-ABLQ Trial 2

- ◆ Issued to 63 participants; 55 returned results
- ◆ 3 samples issued (lyophilised)
 - 100% K562 sample (diagnostic sample)
 - ~0.4% dilution of K562 in HEL (follow-up sample)
 - 100% HEL sample (negative sample)
- ◆ Participants asked to perform quantitative analysis and report Log reduction in M-BCR at follow-up

BCR-ABLQ Trial 2

Graph to show the distribution of Log reduction results for MDHM BCR-ABLQ



BCR-ABL Quantitation Results

- ◆ Variation in quantitative level due to:
 - Different in-house protocols/kits
 - Different control genes
 - Different material for standard dilutions



Method Parameter	Number of Participants
Control Gene:	
ABL	42
G6PDH	6
Beta-2 microglobulin	3
β -GUS	3
BCR	1
Material for Standard Dilutions:	
Commercial Plasmids (Ipsogen)	32
In-house Plasmids	13
Serial dilution from K562 DNA	3
No standards used	4
No info provided	3

BCR-ABL Quantitation Results

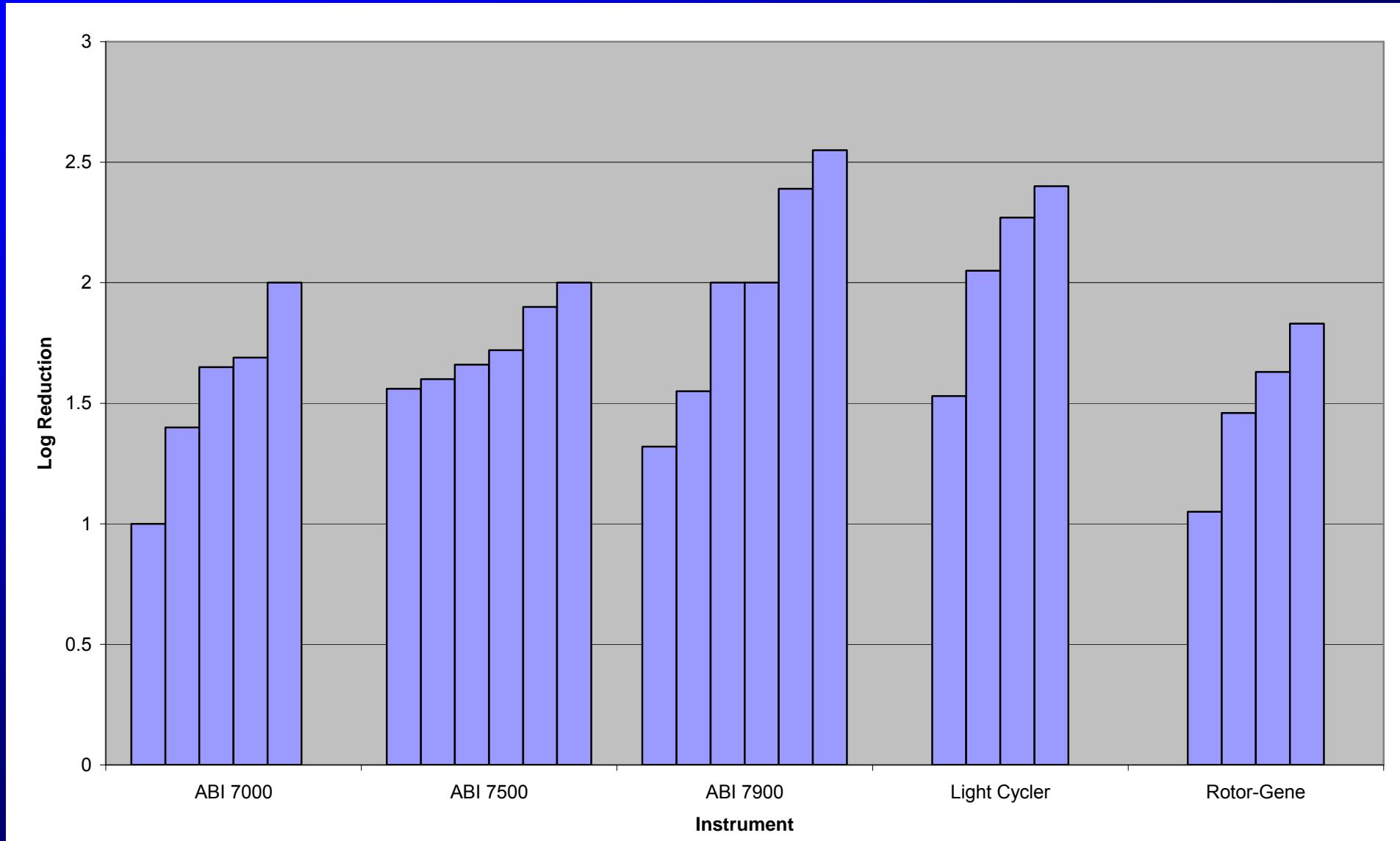
- ◆ Variation in quantitative level due to:

- Different in-house protocols/kits
- Different control genes
- Different material for standard dilutions
- Different instruments and analysis software



Instrument	Number of Participants
ABI 5700	1
ABI 7000	6
ABI 7300	2
ABI 7500	10
ABI 7700	4
ABI 7900	8
Roche Light Cycler	15
Rotor-Gene	4
Cepheid Smartcycler	1
BioRAD Icycler	1
Stratagene MX3000p	2

BCR-ABLQ Trial 2



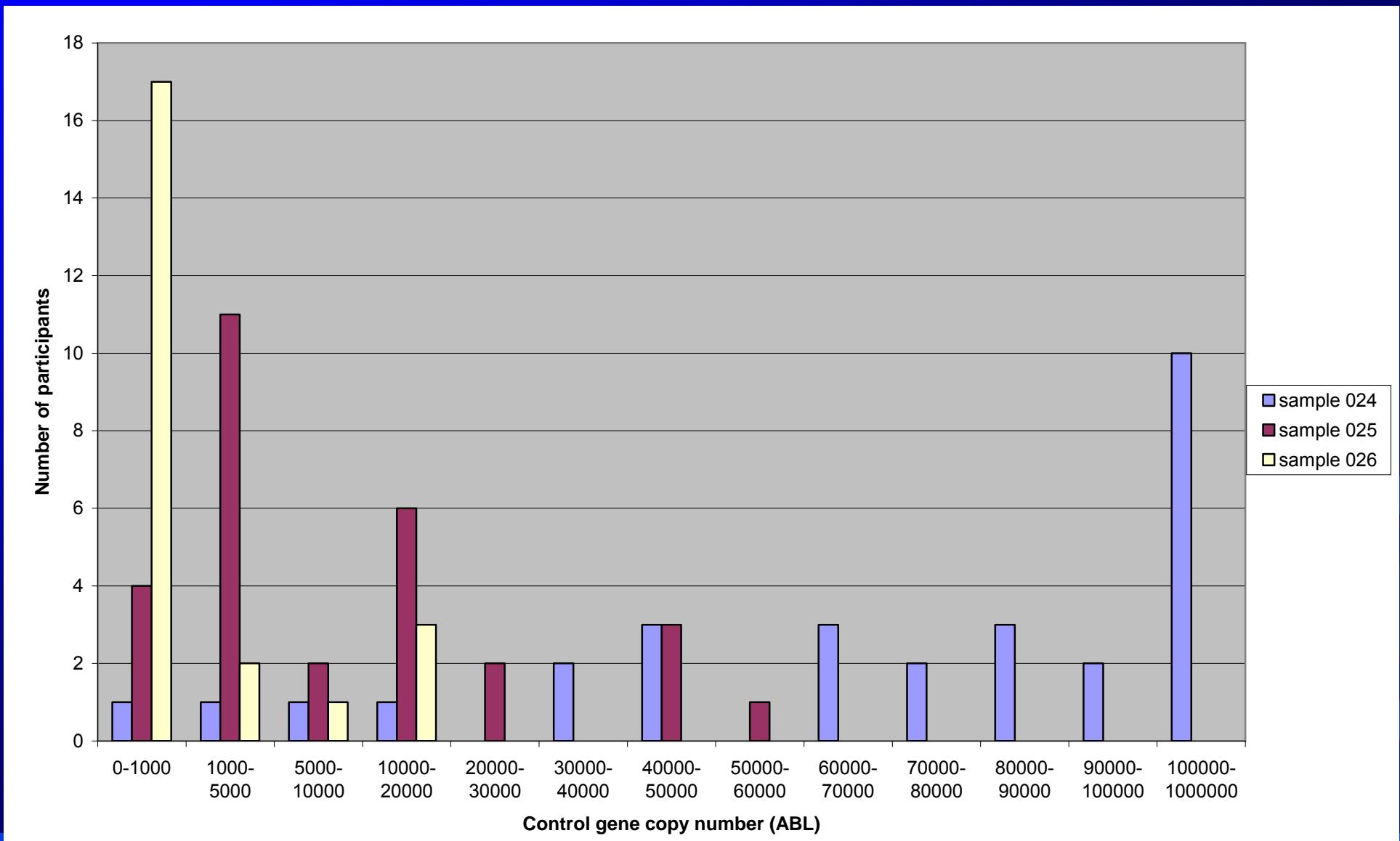
BCR-ABL Quantitation Results

- ◆ Variation in quantitative level due to:

- Different in-house protocols/kits
- Different control genes
- Different material for standard dilutions
- Different instruments and analysis software
- RNA/cDNA quality



BCR-ABLQ Trial 2



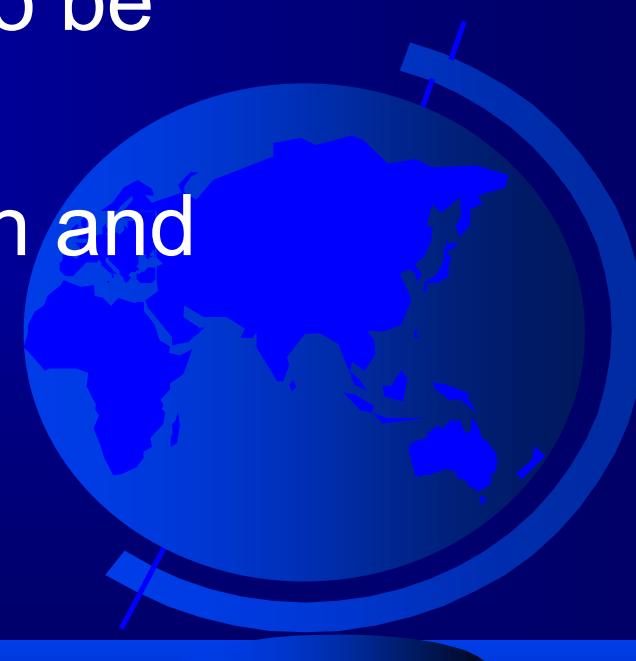
BCR-ABL Quantitation Results

- ◆ Control gene Ct values vary greatly indicating variation in the quality of RNA/cDNA:
 - ABL 19.93-32.08
 - G6PDH 19.12-35.95
 - β-GUS 22.26-25.76
 - B2M 24.69-25.53
 - BCR 34.98
- ◆ Several labs perform RQ-PCR with only one or two replicates
- ◆ Quantitative M-BCR level is not expressed in a standard way



BCR-ABL Q Future Work

- ◆ Decrease M-BCR level in trial samples
- ◆ Introduce scoring system – enables consistently poor performers to be identified
- ◆ Introduction of standardisation and guidelines



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